## **Product Specification Isomerate**

Properties	ASTM Test Method	Typical Range		
Gravity, °API	D 4052	82.0 - 84.0		
Gum Content, mg/100 mL, unwashed	D 381	<1.0		
Oxidation Stability, minutes	D 525	>120		
Corrosion @122 °F, rating	D 130	1A		
Benzene, Volume %	D 3606	< 0.1		
Distillation, °F IBP	D 86	93 - 103		
10 % Evaporated		105 - 115		
20 % Evaporated		110 - 120		
50 % Evaporated		120 - 125		
90 % Evaporated		150 - 155		
End Point		190 - 240		
Hydrocarbon Type, Volume %	D 6729			
n-Paraffin		27-29		
i-Paraffin		58-60		
Olefins		< 0.1		
Naphthene		12-15		
Aromatics		< 0.3		
Research Octane	D 2699	77.0-79.0		
Motor Octane	D 2700	74.0-76.0		
R + M/2		76.0-78.0		
Reid Vapor Pressure, psia	D 5191-01	11.5 - 12.5		
Sulfur, ppmw	D 5453	<0.1 - 1.0		



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#### Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier:

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Naphtha

Other Means of Identification:

Naphtha; Light Straight Run Naphtha; Heavy Straight Run Naphtha; Isomerate; Reformate; Gasoline Blend Stock;

Pretreated Naphtha; EAC-100.

SDS Number:

962

**Product Code:** 

Naphtha, All Grades.

**Product Use:** 

Product is a complex mixture of petroleum hydrocarbons that contain hydrocarbons in the C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> range. This product is used

as a feedstock or blend stock for production of gasoline.

Restrictions on Use:

Not available.

Manufacturer/Supplier:

U.S. OIL & REFINING CO.

3001 Marshall Ave. Tacoma, WA 98421

**Emergency Phone:** 

U.S. OIL & REFINING CO.: (253) 383-1651

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

NATIONAL POISON CENTER: 1-800-222-1222

Date of Preparation of SDS:

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#### Section 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION: Flammable Liquids, Category 1

Skin Irritation, Category 2

Germ Cell Mutagenicity, Category 1B

Carcinogenicity, Category 1A Reproductive Toxicity, Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure), Category 3 - Narcotic

Effects

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure), Category 1

Aspiration Hazard, Category 1

#### LABEL ELEMENTS

Hazard Symbol(s):







Signal Word: Danger

Hazard

H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Statements: H315: Causes skin irritation.

H340: May cause genetic defects.

H350: May cause cancer.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.



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H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

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**Prevention:** P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

P242: Use non-sparking tools.

P243: Take action to prevent static discharges. P260: Do not breathe mist, vapours, or spray.

P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

Response:

P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep

comfortable for breathing.

P308 + P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370 + P378: In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular

foam to extinguish.

Storage: P403 + P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P235: Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

Disposal: P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with applicable

regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: No applicable information was found.

Ingredients with Unknown Acute Toxicity: None.



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Naphtha

0 - 0.1

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This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, (29 CFR 1910.1200).

This material is considered hazardous by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

#### Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS Hazardous Ingredient(s) Common name / CAS No. % wt./wt. Synonyms Petroleum distillates (Naphtha) Not available. 8002-05-9 100 Benzene, dimethyl-**Xylene** 1330-20-7 0 - 25Benzene, methyl-Toluene 108-88-3 0 - 16n-Hexane Not available. 110-54-3 0 - 13Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 0 - 5Benzene, ethyl-Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 0 - 4.5Cyclohexane Not available. 110-82-7 0 - 4 Benzene Not available. 71-43-2 0 - 2

#### Section 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Not available.

#### Inhalation:

Naphthalene

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, get medical attention/advice. If breathing or the heart stops, trained personnel should immediately begin artificial respiration (AR) or cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) respectively. Get medical attention immediately.

91-20-3

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness.

commission, root or dippoint

**Skin Contact:** If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water or shower for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation occurs:

Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Acute and delayed symptoms and effects:** Causes skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation

persists: Get medical attention.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Causes eye irritation.

Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred

or hazy vision.

Ingestion: If swalld

If swallowed: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.



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If breathing or the heart stops, trained personnel should immediately begin artificial respiration (AR) or cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) respectively. Get medical attention immediately.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Note to Physicians: Symptoms may not appear immediately.

#### **Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **NFPA 704**

SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Flammability Health Instability

#### SUITABLE/UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Small Fire: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or regular foam.

Large Fire: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Move

undamaged containers from fire area if it can be done safely.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Do not use straight streams. CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting

fire may be inefficient.

#### SPECIFIC HAZARDS

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water.

If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

Fire involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

**Products of Combustion:** 

Oxides of Carbon.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:

This material is not sensitive to mechanical impact.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge:

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. This

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Naphtha

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material is sensitive to static discharge.

#### SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

#### Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Personal Precautions: Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal

protection recommended in Section 8. Stay upwind and away

from release.

Protective Equipment: Emergency eyewash capability should be available. Wear

respiratory protection as conditions warrant.

Emergency Procedures: As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area

for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep

unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all

ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in

immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product

must be grounded. The use of explosion proof electrical

equipment is recommended.

#### METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

**Methods for Containment:** Stop leak if it can be done without risk. A vapor suppressing foam

may be used to reduce vapors. Prevent spreading of material into sewers. Avoid allowing water runoff to contact spilled material.

Methods for Clean-Up: Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible

material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools

to collect absorbed material.

#### Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Do not swallow. Do not breathe mist, vapors, or spray. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. See Section 8 for information on Personal Protective Equipment.

#### **CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE:**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Use approved containers that are tightly closed and clearly labeled. Store away from incompatible materials. See Section 10 for information on



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Incompatible Materials. Protect storage containers from physical damage, sunlight, and all sources of ignition. Post area as "No Smoking".

#### Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **EXPOSURE LIMITS**

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Component	ACGIH	OSHA
Petroleum distillates (Naphtha) [CAS No. 8002-05-9]	No TLV established.	500 ppm (TWA), 2000 mg/m³ (TWA); 400 ppm (TWA) [Vacated]
Xylene [CAS No. 1330-20-7]	20 ppm (TWA); OTO; A4; BEI (2021)	100 ppm (TWA), 435 mg/m³ (TWA); 150 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]
Toluene [CAS No. 108-88-3]	20 ppm (TWA); OTO; A4; BEI (2020)	200 ppm (TWA); 300 ppm (C); 500 ppm (Peak) (Maximum duration: 10 minutes.) 100 ppm (TWA); 150 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]
n-Hexane [CAS No. 110-54-3]	50 ppm (TWA); Skin, BEI (1998)	500 ppm (TWA), 1800 mg/m³ (TWA); Skin. 50 ppm (TWA) [Vacated]
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene [CAS No. 95-63-6]	10 ppm (TWA); A4 (2021)	No PEL established.
Ethylbenzene [CAS No. 100-41-4]	20 ppm (TWA); OTO; A3; BEI (2021)	100 ppm (TWA), 435 mg/m³ (TWA); 125 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]
Cyclohexane [CAS No. 110-82-7]	100 ppm (TWA); (2020)	300 ppm (TWA), 1050 mg/m³ (TWA)
Benzene [CAS No. 71-43-2]	0.02 ppm (TWA); Skin; A1; BEI (2023)	1 ppm (TWA); 5 ppm (STEL);
Naphthalene [CAS No. 91-20-3]	10 ppm (TWA); Skin; A3 (2014)	10 ppm (TWA), 50 mg/m³ (TWA); 15 ppm (STEL) [Vacated]

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit TLV: Threshold Limit Value TWA: Time-Weighted Average STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit

C: Ceiling

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, gas, etc.) below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.



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#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

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Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses, goggles or faceshield to prevent eye

and face contact. Ensure that eyewash stations are close to the workstation location. Use equipment for eye protection that meets the standards referenced by CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3:20 and OSHA regulations in 29 CFR

1910.133 for Personal Protective Equipment.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves. Consult manufacturer specifications

for further information.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear protective clothing. Flame resistant clothing that meets

the NFPA 2112 and CAN/CGSB 155.20 standards is

recommended in areas where material is stored or handled.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls and ventilation are not sufficient to

control exposure to below the allowable limits then a NIOSH

approved air-purifying respirator, with organic vapor cartridge or self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Supplied air breathing apparatus must be used when oxygen concentrations are low or if airborne concentrations

exceed the limits of the air-purifying respirators.

General Hygiene Considerations: Handle according to established industrial hygiene and

safety practices. Consult a competent industrial hygienist to determine hazard potential and/or the PPE manufacturers to ensure adequate protection. Emergency eyewash should be available near operations presenting a potential splash

exposure. Avoid skin exposure. Promptly remove

contaminated clothing, gloves, and shoes.

#### Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Appearance:** Transparent, clear to amber liquid.

Colorless to amber.

Odor: Petroleum hydrocarbon. Gasoline.

Odor Threshold: Not available.

Physical State: Liquid.

pH: Not available.

Melting Point / Freezing Not available.

Point:



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SAFETY DATA SHEET Initial Boiling Point:

32 °C (90 °F)

**Boiling Range:** 

32 to 204 °C (90 to 400 °F)

Flash Point:

-43 °C (-45 °F) (ASTM D-56)

**Evaporation Rate:** 

Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas):

Not applicable.

Lower Flammability Limit:

Approximately 1.1 %

**Upper Flammability Limit:** 

Approximately 8.2 %

Vapor Pressure:

Approximately 5 to 15 psi at 38 °C (100 °F) (Reid Vapor Pressure)

Relative Vapor Density:

Approximately 3.5 (Air = 1)

**Relative Density:** 

0.64 to 0.83 (Water = 1)

Solubilities:

Insoluble in water.

Partition Coefficient: n-

Octanol/Water:

Not available.

Auto-ignition Temperature:

277 °C (530 °F)

Decomposition

Temperature:

Not available.

Kinematic Viscosity:

0.1 cSt at 25 °C (77 °F)

Percent Volatile, wt. %:

Appreciable.

VOC Content, wt. %:

Not available.

Particle Characteristics:

Not available.

#### **Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:

Stable under normal storage conditions.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous

Reactions:

None known.

Conditions to Avoid:

Contact with incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Exposure to

heat.

Incompatible Materials:

Strong acids. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous

Oxides of Carbon. Hydrocarbons.

**Decomposition Products:** 



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#### Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. Skin

absorption.

#### **ACUTE EXPOSURE**

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#### PRODUCT TOXICITY

Oral:

4578 mg/kg, calculated

Dermal:

Not available.

Inhalation:

Not available.

#### **COMPONENT TOXICITY**

Component Petroleum distillates (Naphtha)	<b>CAS No.</b> 8002-05-9	LD <sub>50</sub> oral 4300 mg/kg (rat)	<b>LD</b> ₅₀ <b>dermal</b> Not available.	LC₅₀ Not available.
Xylene	1330-20-7	4300 mg/kg (rat)	> 1700 mg/kg (rabbit)	5000 ppm (rat); 4H
Toluene	108-88-3	2600 mg/kg (rat)	14.1 mL/kg (rabbit)	49000 mg/m³ (rat); 4H
n-Hexane	110-54-3	25000 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	48000 ppm (rat); 4H
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	5000 mg/kg (rat)	Not available.	18000 mg/m³ (rat); 4H
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	3500 mg/kg (rat)	17800 µl/kg (rabbit)	Not available.
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	813 mg/kg (mouse)	180000 mg/kg (rabbit)	Not available.
Benzene	71-43-2	930 mg/kg (rat)	> 9400 µl/kg (rabbit)	10000 ppm (rat); 7H
Naphthalene	91-20-3	490 mg/kg (rat)	> 2500 mg/kg (rat)	> 340 mg/m³ (rat); 1H

**Target Organs:** 

Skin. Eyes. Gastrointestinal tract. Respiratory system. Blood. Bone marrow. Liver. Kidneys. Reproductive system. Central nervous

system (CNS). Peripheral nervous system.

#### SYMPTOMS (including delayed and immediate effects)

Inhalation:

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. Excessive inhalation may cause headache, dizziness, confusion, loss of appetite and/or loss of consciousness. High vapor concentrations of Xylene are anesthetic and central nervous system depressants. Inhalation of Toluene may result in peculiar skin sensations (e. g. pins and needles) or numbness. Very high concentrations may cause

unconsciousness and death.



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Eye:

Causes eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain,

tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Skin:

Causes skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling,

and itching.

Ingestion:

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May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause gastrointestinal

irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea,

vomiting and diarrhea.

Skin Sensitization:

Not available.

Respiratory Sensitization:

Not available.

**Medical Conditions** 

Not available.

Aggravated By Exposure:

#### CHRONIC EFFECTS (from short and long-term exposure)

Target Organs:

Skin. Eyes. Gastrointestinal tract. Respiratory system. Blood.

Cardiovascular system. Bone marrow. Liver. Kidneys. Reproductive system. Central nervous system (CNS). Peripheral nervous system.

**Chronic Effects:** 

Hazardous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria. May cause chronic effects. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. High vapor concentrations, generally greater than 10% by volume, may sensitize the heart and lead to lethal cardiac arrhythmias.

Repeated dermal application of crude oils in rats produced systemic toxicity in blood, liver, thymus and bone marrow. Reports of chronic poisoning with Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene or Xylene describe anemia, decreased blood cell count and bone marrow hypoplasia. Liver and kidney damage may occur. Repeated exposure of the eyes to high concentrations of Xylenes vapor may cause reversible eye damage. Chronic inhalation exposure to xylene causes midfrequency hearing loss in laboratory animals. Xylene reacts synergistically with n-hexane to enhance hearing loss.

Immunodepressive effects have also been reported for Benzene.

Chronic inhalation of n-Hexane may cause peripheral nerve

disorders and central nervous system effects. 1,2,4-

Trimethylbenzene may cause CNS changes, asthmatic bronchitis, and changes in the blood such as anemia or thrombocytopenia (i.e. low thrombocyte count that may affect the blood's ability to clot). This material contains Cyclohexane which is known to cause liver

and kidney damage.

Carcinogenicity:

May cause cancer. Lifetime skin painting studies in animals with whole crude oils and crude oil fractions have produced tumours in animals following prolonged and repeated skin contact. Chronic exposure to benzene has been associated with an increased incidence of leukemia and multiple myeloma (tumour composed of



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cells of the type normally found in the bone marrow).

Com	ponent	Carcinogenicity
-----	--------	-----------------

component caromogenions					
Component	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA	Prop 65
Xylene	A4	Group 3	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.
Toluene	A4	Group 3	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.
Ethylbenzene	A3	Group 2B	Not listed.	OSHA Carcinogen.	Listed.
Benzene	A1	Group 1	List 1	OSHA Carcinogen.	Listed.
Naphthalene	A3	Group 2B	List 2	OSHA Carcinogen.	Listed.

Mutagenicity:

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May cause genetic defects.

Reproductive Effects:

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Developmental Effects** 

Teratogenicity:

Not available.

Embryotoxicity:

Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Exposure to Toluene

may affect the developing fetus. Benzene and Xylene have

caused adverse fetal effects in laboratory animals.

Toxicologically Synergistic Materials:

Xylene reacts synergistically with n-Hexane to enhance hearing loss.

### Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity:** 

This product is potentially toxic to aquatic organisms and

should be kept out of sewage and drainage systems and all

bodies of water.

Persistence / Degradability:

Primary components of this product are considered

biodegradable in aerobic conditions.

Bioaccumulation / Accumulation:

On release to the environment the lighter, product

components will readily evaporate, but the remainder may become dispersed in the water column or adsorbed to soil or

sediment.

Mobility in Environment:

Not available.

Other Adverse Effects:

Not available.

#### Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Instructions:

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more

stringent than regional or national requirements.

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#### Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

REGULATORY INFORMATION	ID NUMBER	EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK	PROPER SHIPPING NAME	CLASS	PACKING GROUP	PLACARD
DOT Classification	UN1268	Guide 128	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	3	I	FLAMMABLE
TDG Classification	UN1268	Guide 128	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	3	I	
IATA/ICAO	UN1268	Guide 128	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	3	I	

#### Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES**

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#### US (TSCA)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

#### Canada (DSL)

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of the NSN Regulations under CEPA, 1999.

#### **FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

#### **United States**

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### SARA Title III

Ortion in						
Component	Section 302 (EHS) TPQ (lbs.)	Section 304 EHS RQ (lbs.)	CERCLA RQ (lbs.)	Section 313	RCRA CODE	CAA 112( r ) TQ (lbs.)
V. Jana		The second secon	400	0.40	11000	
Xylene	Not listed.	Not listed.	100	313	U239	Not listed.
Toluene	Not listed.	Not listed.	1000	313	U220	Not listed.
n-Hexane	Not listed.	Not listed.	5000	313	Not listed.	Not listed.
1,2,4-	Not listed.	Not listed.	Not listed.	313	Not listed.	Not listed.
Trimethylbenzene						
Ethylbenzene	Not listed.	Not listed.	1000	313	Not listed.	Not listed.
Cyclohexane	Not listed.	Not listed.	1000	313	U056	Not listed.
Benzene	Not listed.	Not listed.	10	313	U019	Not listed.
Naphthalene	Not listed.	Not listed.	100	313	U165	Not listed.



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SARA SECTION 311/312 - EPA HAZARD CATEGORIES

X

**ACUTE HEALTH CHRONIC HEALTH FIRE** SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE REACTIVE

X

X

State Regulations California California Prop 65:

WARNING This product can expose you to chemicals including Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Benzene, Hexane and Naphthalene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Disclaimer:

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for his own particular use.

Date of Preparation of SDS: October 23, 2024

Version: 3.0

GHS SDS Prepared by: Aegis Regulatory Inc.

Phone: (519) 488-0351

www.aegisreg.com